

	Refugee Hosting Country	Name of Districts	Name of Refugee Camps/Settlements	Name of Refugee Health Facilities
				(Study Sites)
1	Uganda	Adjumani (123)	1. Adjumani	1. Ayiri HC III
2				2. Birra HC III
3				3. Ayiro HC III
4				4. Nyumanzi HC III
5				5. Pagirinya HC III
6				6. Eleman HC II
7		Lamwo (13)	2. Palabek	7. Paludar HC III
8		Moyo (52)	3. Palorinya	8. Palorinya HC III
9				9. Itula HC III
10		Yumbe (82)	4. Bidibidi	10. Bidibidi HC III
11				11.Yoyo HC III
12				12. Bangatuti HC III
13				13. Yayari HC III
14		Arua (Rhino 57)	5. Rhino Camp	14. Ocea HC II
15				15. Olujubo HC II
16				16. Ofua 3 HC
17				17. Omugo HC
18				18. Oduobo HC II
19				19.Siripi HC III
20		Arua (Imvepi 50)	6. Imvepi	20. Yinga HC III
21		Kiryandongo (45)	7. Kiryandongo	21. Panyadoli HC III
22		Kikuube (165)	8. Kyangwali	22. Kyangwali HCIII
23				23. Rwenyewawa HCII
24		Isingiro (Nakivale 158)	9. Nakivale	24. Rubondo HC III
25				25. Nakivale HC III
26				26. Juru HC III
27				27. Kibengo HC III
28				28. Rwekubo HC III
29		Isingiro (Oruchinga 6)	10. Oruchinga	29. Nshungyezi HC III
30				30. Rulongo HC III

31		Kyegegwa (62)	11. Kyaka II	31. Bujubuli HC III
32				32. Mukondo HC II
33		Kamwenge (94)	12. Rwamwanja	33. Rwamwanja HC III
34	Kenya	Turkana sub-county	1. Kakuma	1. Kakuma Refugee Hospital
35				2. Kalobeyei
36		Dadaab	2. Dadaab Sub-county	3. Dagahaley
37				4. IFO 1
38				5. Hagadera
39	Ethiopia	Shire	1. Mai-Aini	1. Mai-Aini
40			2. Adi Harush	2. Adi Harush
41			3. Shimelba	3. Shimelba
42			4. Hitsats	4. Hitsats
43		Afar	5. Aysaita	5. Aysaita
44			6. Barahle	6. Barahle
45		Gambella	7. Pugnido-New site	7. Pugnido-New site
46			8. Pugnido-Agnwak	8. Pugnido-Agnwak
47			9. Pugnido-Village 12	9. Pugnido-Village 12
48			10. Kule	10. Kule
49			11. Jewi	11. Jewi
50			12. Tierkidi	12. Tierkidi
51		Mizan	13. Okugo	13. Okugo
52		Asossa	14. Sherkole	14. Sherkole
53			15. Bambasi	15. Bambasi
54			16. Tongo	16. Tongo
55			17. Tsore	17. Tsore
56		Jijiga	18. Kebribeya	18. Kebribeya
57			19. Aw-barre	19. Aw-barre
58			20. Sheder	20. Sheder
59		Melkadida	21. Melkadida	21. Melkadida
60			22. Kobe	22. Kobe
61			23. Hilaweyn	23. Hilaweyn
62			24. Buramino	24. Buramino

63			25. Bokolmayo	25. Bokolmayo
64	Sudan	White Nile	1. Alkashafa	1. Alkashafa
65			2. Dabat bosin	2. Dabat bosin
66		Kassala	3. Wadsherify	3. Wadsherify
67			4. Shagarab	4. Shagarab

Supplement 1: List of refugee hosting countries (n=4), refugee camps (n=43) and health facilities (n=67) in the IGAD region included in the study.

Operational definitions:

Bacteriologically confirmed TB case: is one from whom a biological specimen is positive by smear microscopy, culture or WHO approved rapid diagnostics (such as Xpert MTB/RIF); and Clinically diagnosed TB case: is one who does not fulfil the criteria for bacteriological confirmation but has been diagnosed with active TB by a clinician or other medical practitioner who has decided to give the patient a full course of TB treatment.

Pulmonary tuberculosis (PTB): any bacteriologically confirmed or clinically diagnosed case of TB involving the lung parenchyma or the tracheobronchial tree.

New TB patients: are those who have never been treated for TB or have taken anti-TB drugs for less than one month.

Retreatment cases: are those who have received one month or more of anti-TB drugs in the past (relapse, Treatment after failure, Treatment after loss to follow-up, and other previously treated patients).

TB treatment outcomes for drug sensitive TB

Cured: A pulmonary TB patient with bacteriologically confirmed TB at the beginning of treatment who was smear- or culture-negative in the last month of treatment and on at least one previous occasion

Treatment Completed: A TB patient who completed treatment without evidence of failure BUT with no record to show that sputum smear or culture results in the last month of treatment and on at least one previous occasion were negative either because tests were not done or because results are unavailable.

Treatment failed: A TB patient whose sputum smear or culture is positive at month 5 or later during treatment.

Lost to follow up: A TB patient who did not start treatment or whose treatment was interrupted for 2 consecutive months or more.

Died: A TB patient who dies for any reason before starting or during treatment.

Not evaluated: A TB patient for whom no treatment outcome is assigned. This includes cases “transferred out” as well as cases for whom the treatment outcome is unknown.

Successful treatment: Sum of cured and treatment completed outcomes.

Unsuccessful treatment: Sum of died, failed and LTFU outcomes.